

Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray ITW Polymers & Fluids (NZ)

Chemwatch: 4536-57

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Issue Date: 23/12/2022
Print Date: 07/02/2023
Initial Date: 16/06/2006
S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	
Chemical Name	Not Applicable	
Synonyms	od machinery grade lubricant	
Proper shipping name	EROSOLS	
Chemical formula	Not Applicable	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Food machinery grade silicone lubricant.
Relevant identified uses	Application is by spray atomisation from a hand held aerosol pack
	Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ITW Polymers & Fluids (NZ)	
Address	Unit 2/38 Trugood Drive, East Tamaki Not Available 2013 Auckland New Zealand	
Telephone	9 272 1945	
Fax	Not Available	
Website	www.itwpf.co.nz	
Email	Not Available	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE	
Emergency telephone numbers	64 800 700 112	
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9573 3188	

CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
+64 800 700 112	+61 3 9573 3188	Not Available

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification [1]	Aerosols Category 1, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) Category 3		
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI		
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria Gazetted by EPA New	2.1.2A, 6.9B (narcotic effects)		

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Zealand

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H222+H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.		
P251	P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	
P271	P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.	
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405	P405 Store locked up.	
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.	
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
	10-30	silicone fluid
68476-85-7.	>60	hydrocarbon propellant
		NOTE: Manufacturer has supplied full ingredient
		information to allow CHEMWATCH assessment.

SECTION 4 First aid measures

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

Description of first aid measures

General	
Eye Contact	If aerosols come in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold the eyelids apart and flush the eye with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.

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	Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.		
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.		
Inhalation	If aerosols, fumes or combustion products are inhaled: Remove to fresh air. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. If breathing is shallow or has stopped, ensure clear airway and apply resuscitation, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor.		
Ingestion	Not considered a normal route of entry. Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.		

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extingui	ishir	ng m	edia
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SMALL FIRE:
Water spray, dry chemical or CO2
LARGE FIRE:
■ Water spray or fog

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may
Fire incompatibility	result

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. 		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Liquid and vapour are highly flammable. Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Vapour forms an explosive mixture with air. Severe explosion hazard, in the form of vapour, when exposed to flame or spark. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.		

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing, impervious gloves and safety glasses. Shut off all possible sources of ignition and increase ventilation.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

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Safe handling

Other information

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- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
- Store below 38 deg. C.
 - Keep dry to avoid corrosion of cans. Corrosion may result in container perforation and internal pressure may eject contents of
 - Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area.
 - DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped.
 - No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.
 - Keep containers securely sealed.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Aerosol dispenser.Check that containers are clearly labelled.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace	hydrocarbon	LPG (Liquefied petroleum	1000 ppm / 1800	Not	Not	Not
Exposure Standards (WES)	propellant	gas)	mg/m3	Available	Available	Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
hydrocarbon propellant	Not Available	65,000 ppm	2.30E+05 ppm	4.00E+05 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
hydrocarbon propellant	2,000 ppm	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

Personal protection











No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities.

OTHERWISE: For potentially moderate or heavy exposures: Eye and face protection

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- NOTE: Contact lenses pose a special hazard; soft lenses may absorb irritants and ALL lenses concentrate them.

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

- No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.
- * OTHERWISE:
- For potentially moderate exposures:
- Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves.
- For potentially heavy exposures:
- Wear chemical protective gloves, eg. PVC. and safety footwear.

Body protection

See Other protection below

No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.

Other protection

OTHERWISE:

Overalls.

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Skin cleansing cream.
 Eyewash unit.
 The clothing worn by process operators insulated from earth may develop static charges far higher (up to 100 times) than the minimum ignition energies for various flammable gas-air mixtures. This holds true for a wide range of clothing materials including cotton.
 Avoid dangerous levels of charge by ensuring a low resistivity of the surface material worn outermost.
 BRETHERICK: Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards.

Thermal hazards
Not Available

Respiratory protection

Type AX Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Appearance Water white, clear oily liquid which leaves a colourless film when sprayed; does not mix with water. Supplied as an aerosol pack. Contents under PRESSURE. Contains highly flammable hydrocarbon propellant.			
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available	
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available	
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable	
Flash point (°C)	-81 propellant	Taste	Not Available	
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available	
Flammability	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.	Oxidising properties	Not Available	
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	10.0 propellant	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available	
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	1.5 propellant	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available	
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available	
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable	
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available	

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Elevated temperatures. Presence of open flame. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

	Inhalation of high concentrations of gas/vapour causes lung irritation with coughing and nausea, central nervous depression with
Inhaled	headache and dizziness, slowing of reflexes, fatigue and inco-ordination.

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	WARNING:Intentional misuse by concentrating/inhaling contents may be lethal.			
Ingestion	Overexposure is unlikely in this form. Ingestion	n may result in nausea, abdomina	al irritation, pain and vomiting	
Skin Contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking,	flaking or drying following normal	handling and use.	
Eye	There is some evidence to suggest that this ma	aterial can cause eye irritation ar	nd damage in some persons.	
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.			
Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances			
Legend:	,	•		
Legend: Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	,	n RTECS - Register of Toxic Effe	ect of chemical Substances	
Rocol Foodlube Silicone	Unless otherwise specified data extracted from	n RTECS - Register of Toxic Effe	ect of chemical Substances	
Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	Unless otherwise specified data extracted from No significant acute toxicological data identifi	m RTECS - Register of Toxic Effe	n of the gas	
Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	Unless otherwise specified data extracted from No significant acute toxicological data identifi	m RTECS - Register of Toxic Effective ied in literature search. inhalation Carcinogenicity	or of the gas	
Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray Acute Toxicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion Serious Eye	Unless otherwise specified data extracted from No significant acute toxicological data identifi	in RTECS - Register of Toxic Effective ied in literature search. inhalation Carcinogenicity Reproductivity	or of the gas	

Legend:

🗶 – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Not Available

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Effect	Value	Species	BCF
Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

For Hydrocarbons: log Kow 1. BCF~10.

For Aromatics: log Kow 2-3.

BCF 20-200.

Drinking Water Standards: hydrocarbon total: 10 ug/l (UK max.).

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

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SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Discharge contents of damaged aerosol cans at an approved site.
- Allow small quantities to evaporate.
- DO NOT incinerate or puncture aerosol cans.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required



Land transport (UN)

UN number	1950	1950		
Packing group	Not Applica	able		
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOL	S		
Environmental hazard	No relevan	No relevant data		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class Subrisk	2.1 Not Appl	licable	
Special precautions for user	Special p		63; 190; 277; 327; 344; 381 1000ml	

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1950			
Packing group	Not Applicable			
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable; Ae	erosols, flammable (engine starting fluid		
Environmental hazard	No relevant data			
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class 2.1 ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable ERG Code 10L			
Special precautions for user	Special provisions Cargo Only Packing Instructions Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions		A145 A167 A802; A1 A145 A167 A802 203 150 kg 203; Forbidden 75 kg; Forbidden Y203; Forbidden	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack		30 kg G; Forbidden	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	1950

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Packing group	Not Applicable	
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
Transport hazard class(es)		lot Applicable
Special precautions for user	EMS Number Special provisions Limited Quantities	F-D, S-U 63 190 277 327 344 381 959 1000 ml

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
Not Available	Rocol Foodlube Silicone FMG Spray	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group StandardThis substance can be managed under the controls specified in the Transfer Notice or alternatively it may be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard.

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002515	Aerosols Flammable Group Standard 2020

hydrocarbon propellant(68476-85-7.) is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity (Closed Containers)	Quantity (Open Containers)
2.1.2A	3 000 L (aggregate water capacity)	3 000 L (aggregate water capacity)

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC	
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (hydrocarbon propellant)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes

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USA - TSCA	Yes
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory

SECTION 16 Other information

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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