

# Rocol Sapphire Ultraplex Grease ITW Polymers & Fluids (NZ)

Chemwatch: 4901-78 Version No: 6.1

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

### Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 06/11/2023 S.GHS.NZL.EN

### SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Rocol Sapphire Ultraplex Grease
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	lubricant
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Lubricant.

### Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ITW Polymers & Fluids (NZ)	ITW POLYMERS & FLUIDS
Address	Unit 2/38 Trugood Drive, East Tamaki, Auckland 2013 New Zealand	100 Hassall Street, Wetherill Park NSW 2164 Australia
Telephone	0800 476 265	+61 2 9757 8800
Fax	+64 9 273 6489	+61 2 9757 3855
Website	www.itwpf.co.nz	www.itwpf.com.au
Email	Not Available	Not Available

### **Emergency telephone number**

Association / Organisation	ITW Polymers & Fluids (NZ)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 2436 2255	+61 1800 951 288	+64 800 700 112
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 3 9573 3188	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

Classification <sup>[1]</sup>	Aspiration Hazard Category 1, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.1E (aspiration), 6.4A, 9.1C

### Label elements

### **Rocol Sapphire Ultraplex Grease**

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Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word

Dange

### Hazard statement(s)

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.

### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

### Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.	
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	

### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

DAGE	Store locked up.
P405	Store locked up.

### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

### **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

### **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
63748-98-1	>60	mineral oil
Not Available		(solvent refined)
Not Available	10-30	lithium soap thickener
Not Available	<1	dye
Not Available	<10 performance additives	
Legend:	Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	

### **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:		
	Wash out immediately with fresh running water.		

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	<ul> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.  If failure/misuse of high pressure/hydraulic equipment results in injection of grease/oil through the skin seek urgent medical attention. Treat as surgical emergency.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

- Heavy and persistent skin contamination over many years may lead to dysplastic changes. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
- In general, emesis induction is unnecessary with high viscosity, low volatility products, i.e. most oils and greases.
- High pressure accidental injection through the skin should be assessed for possible incision, irrigation and/or debridement.

NOTE: Injuries may not seem serious at first, but within a few hours tissue may become swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Product may be forced through considerable distances along tissue planes.

### **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.

### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with strong oxidising agents as ignition may result		
Advice for firefighters			
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.  Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.  Provent by any mone available, coillege from entering drains or water course.		

- Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
- Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.
- On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).

Fire/Explosion Hazard Combustion products include:

carbon dioxide (CO2)

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

May emit poisonous fumes.

### **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Minor Spills	Slippery when spilt.  Clean up all spills immediately.  Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles.  Trowel up/scrape up.
Major Spills	Slippery when spilt.  Minor hazard.  Clear area of personnel.  Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.  Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

### **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Remove all ignition sources.  Limit all unnecessary personal contact.  Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.  Use in a well-ventilated area.  Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Other information	<ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.</li> </ul>

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid storage with oxidisers

### **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

### **INGREDIENT DATA**

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	mineral oil	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	(om) - Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour

### **Emergency Limits**

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
mineral oil	140 mg/m3	1,500 mg/m3	8,900 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
mineral oil	2,500 mg/m3	Not Available

### **Exposure controls**

## Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

### Appropriate engineering controls

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment











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Eye and face protection	<ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields</li> <li>Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience.</li> </ul>
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<ul><li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li><li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li></ul>
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	Overalls.    P.V.C apron.    Barrier cream.    Skin cleansing cream.

### Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

### **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Green grease; does not mix with water.		
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.9 approx.
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	>204	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	0.7	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	0.4	Volatile Component (%vol)	Negligible.
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Negligible.	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available

### **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

### **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

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Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product			
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.			
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.			
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).			
Chronic	Oil may contact the skin or be inhaled. Extended exposure can lead to eczema, inflammation of hair follicles, pigmentation of the face and warts on the soles of the feet.			
Rocol Sapphire Ultraplex	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
Grease	Not Available Not Available			
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
mineral oil	Not Available	Not Available		
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - A	cute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS		

The materials included in the Lubricating Base Oils category are related from both process and physical-chemical perspectives;
The potential toxicity of a specific distillate base oil is inversely related to the severity or extent of processing the oil has

- The adverse effects of these materials are associated with undesirable components, and
- The levels of the undesirable components are inversely related to the degree of processing;
- Distillate base oils receiving the same degree or extent of processing will have similar toxicities;
- The potential toxicity of residual base oils is independent of the degree of processing the oil receives.

Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

- MINERAL OIL
- The reproductive and developmental toxicity of the distillate base oils is inversely related to the degree of processing. Unrefined & mildly refined distillate base oils contain the highest levels of undesirable components, have the largest variation of hydrocarbon molecules and have shown the highest potential cancer-causing and mutation-causing activities. Highly and severely refined distillate base oils are produced from unrefined and mildly refined oils by removing or transforming undesirable components. In comparison to unrefined and mildly refined base oils, the highly and severely refined distillate base oils have a smaller range of hydrocarbon molecules and have demonstrated very low mammalian toxicity. Testing of residual oils for mutation-causing and cancer-causing potential has shown negative results, supporting the belief that these materials lack biologically active components or the components are largely non-bioavailable due to their molecular size.

  Toxicity testing has consistently shown that lubricating base oils have low acute toxicities.

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	•	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	~

**Legend:** 

✓ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

### **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

D 1 O 12 10(1-	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
Rocol Sapphire Ultraplex Grease	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
mineral oil	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:		·	pe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotox Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessi	,	-

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#### DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways

### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

### **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

### Product / Packaging disposal

Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.

- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.
- Otherwise:
- If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.
- Where possible retain label warnings and SDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

### **Disposal Requirements**

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package. The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous.

### **SECTION 14 Transport information**

### Labels Required

- 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

### 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
mineral oil	Not Available

### 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
mineral oil	Not Available

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### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard	
HSR002606	Lubricants Lubricant Additives Coolants and Anti freeze Agents Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020	

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

### mineral oil is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

### **Hazardous Substance Location**

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

### **Certified Handler**

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

### Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

### **Tracking Requirements**

Not Applicable

### **National Inventory Status**

Hadional involvery oldedo		
National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	No (mineral oil)	
Canada - DSL	No (mineral oil)	
Canada - NDSL	No (mineral oil)	
China - IECSC	No (mineral oil)	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (mineral oil)	
Japan - ENCS	Yes	
Korea - KECI	No (mineral oil)	
New Zealand - NZIoC	No (mineral oil)	
Philippines - PICCS	No (mineral oil)	
USA - TSCA	No (mineral oil)	
Taiwan - TCSI	No (mineral oil)	
Mexico - INSQ	No (mineral oil)	

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National Inventory	Status		
Vietnam - NCI	No (mineral oil)		
Russia - FBEPH	No (mineral oil)		
	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory		
Legend:	No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.		

### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	23/12/2022
Initial Date	16/06/2006

### **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
5.1	01/11/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification
6.1	23/12/2022	Classification review due to GHS Revision change.

### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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